

Theorem of Trinamics

Trinamics is the dynamics of the number three. It is the combination of two units that gives rise to a third distinct and new unit. In *Trinamics* three always represents a birth, which occurs by fortuitous or deliberate combination of two subjects.

Trinamics comes into effect in the process of conjunction, connection, combination, conjugation, interaction and fusion of two elements that are in themselves simple or complex. The Trinamic phenomenon occurs in chemistry and in physics, extends to the physiology of bodies and can even be applied to social life in its cultural, political, economic and religious aspects. The *sign-formula* of Trinamics, also used as the symbol of the Third Paradise, consists of three circles in a line. The two outer circles represent all opposites and any kind of duality. In the Theorem of Trinamics the middle circle, generated from the conjunction of the two outer circles, represents a third and previously nonexistent subject. Trinamics acts in the natural sphere as well as in the artificial one, including every area and aspect of human society. We find it at work for example in the reaction between oxygen and hydrogen that gives rise to water; in the interaction between masses of warm and cold air, causing thunderstorms; in the connection between positive and negative poles which produces electric power; in the union between male and female that generates a new being; in the dialectic between thesis and antithesis that produces synthesis; in the fusion of the opposing political models of absolutism and anarchy out of which democracy has developed.

In the specific terms of this manifesto Hominitheism and Demopraxis are two different subjects that produce a new social system when joined.

Trinamics is the principle of creation, the science of relations and balances.

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EXCERPT FROM THE “HOMINITHEISM AND DEMOPRAXIS” MANIFESTO